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Appl No.: 10/729556

Response dated:

Office Action dated: January 16, 2008

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1-12. cancelled

13. (previously presented) An scalable optical interconnect comprising:
a plurality of transmitters;
a multiplexing subsystem structured and arranged so as to be able to combine the signals of the plurality of transmitters onto one or more transport fibers according to an orthogonal multiplexing scheme;
broadband burst-mode receivers structured and arranged so as to be capable of receiving any signal from any one transmitter of the plurality of transmitters;
a distribution subsystem structured and arranged so as to be able to distribute independently and contemporaneously the signals of every transmitter to every receiver;
and
one or more selection subsystems structured and arranged so as to be capable of selecting, in less than 1 microsecond, a single channel from within the orthogonal multiplexing scheme, said one or more selection subsystems including one or more optically actuated SOAs.

14. (withdrawn) An scalable optical interconnect comprising:
a plurality of local transmitters;
a bit clock providing a bit clock signal to the plurality of transmitters;
a 10-nanosecond or faster switch for selecting among said plurality of transmitters; and
burst-mode receivers structured and arranged so as to receive bursts of data from said local transmitters through said switch,
whereby the burst-mode receivers need only acquire a bit phase associated with each burst of data, and not a bit frequency, not a bit frequency and a bit phase together.

Appl No.: 10/729556

Response dated:

Office Action dated: January 16, 2008

15. (withdrawn) A distributed scalable contention resolution and resource scheduling subsystem comprising:
- a plurality of input control channels;
 - a plurality of output control channels;
 - a plurality of logical processes distributed over one or more processors;
 - a first process of said logical processes dedicated to resolving contentions among signals from transmitters contending for a first subset of shared resources;
 - a second process of said logical processes dedicated to resolving contentions among signals from transmitters contending for a second subset of shared resources within an optical interconnect, based in part on output from said first process; and
 - wherein the first subset and the second subset are independently multiplexible and selectable.
16. (withdrawn) A method of contention resolution and resource scheduling within an optical interconnect, the method comprising the steps of:
- resolving contentions among signals from transmitters contending for a first subset of shared resources within an optical interconnect;
 - resolving contentions among signals from transmitters contending for a second subset of shared resources within an optical interconnect, based in part on the result of resolving contentions among signals from transmitters contending for the first subset;
 - wherein the first subset and the second subset are independently multiplexible and selectable.
17. (previously presented) The scalable optical interconnect of claim 13 capable of selecting, in less than ten nanoseconds, a single channel from within the orthogonal multiplexing scheme.

Appl No.: 10/729556

Response dated:

Office Action dated: January 16, 2008

18. (previously presented) The scalable optical interconnect of claim 13, capable of selecting, in less than 100 picoseconds, a single channel from within the orthogonal multiplexing scheme.
19. (previously presented) The scalable optical interconnect of claim 13 wherein the multiplexing subsystem is structured and arranged so as to be able to combine the signals of the plurality of transmitters onto one or more transport fibers according to an orthogonal multiplexing scheme of at least three orthogonal dimensions.
20. (previously presented) The scalable optical interconnect of claim 19 wherein the at least three orthogonal dimensions include space, wavelength, and waveband.
21. (previously presented) The scalable optical interconnect of claim 19 wherein the at least three orthogonal dimensions include space, wavelength, and polarization.
22. (previously presented) The scalable optical interconnect according to claim 13 wherein the multiplexing subsystem is structured and arranged so as to be able to combine the signals of the plurality of transmitters onto one or more transport fibers according to an orthogonal multiplexing scheme of at least four orthogonal dimensions.
23. (withdrawn) The scalable optical according to claim 13 further comprising a bit clock providing a bit clock signal to the plurality of transmitters, and wherein the burst-mode receivers are structured and arranged so as to receive bursts of data from said transmitters such that the burst-mode receivers need only acquire a bit phase associated with each burst of data, and not a bit frequency, and not a bit frequency and a bit phase together.

Appl No.: 10/729556

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24. (new) A scalable optical interconnect comprising:
- a plurality of transmitters;
 - a multiplexing subsystem structured and arranged so as to be able to combine the signals of the plurality of transmitters onto one or more transport fibers according to a multiplexing scheme having multiple independently accessible dimensions including at least (1) space or fiber and (2) wavelength or waveband;
 - broadband burst-mode receivers structured and arranged so as to be capable of receiving any signal from any one transmitter of the plurality of transmitters;
 - a distribution subsystem structured and arranged so as to be able to distribute independently and contemporaneously the signals of every transmitter to every receiver;
 - and
 - one or more selection subsystems structured and arranged so as to be capable together of selecting, in less than 1 microsecond, at each receiver, any single channel from within the multiplexing scheme.
25. (new) The interconnect of claim 24 wherein the multiplexing scheme includes at least three independently accessible dimensions.